

Form 10-300  
(Rev. 6-72)UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
NATIONAL PARK SERVICENATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES  
INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

(Type all entries - complete applicable sections)

STATE: Maryland
COUNTY: Queen Anne's
FOR NPS USE ONLY
ENTRY DATE

<b>1. NAME</b>				
COMMON: Readbourne				
AND/OR HISTORIC: Readbourne				
<b>2. LOCATION</b>				
STREET AND NUMBER: .8 mile northwest of intersection of Lands End Road and Sparks Mill Road. Approximately 5.4 miles northwest of				
CITY OR TOWN: Centreville			CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT: Centreville.	
STATE Maryland		CODE 24	COUNTY: Queen Anne's	CODE 035
<b>3. CLASSIFICATION</b>				
CATEGORY (Check One)		OWNERSHIP		STATUS
<input type="checkbox"/> District <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Building <input type="checkbox"/> Site <input type="checkbox"/> Structure <input type="checkbox"/> Object		<input type="checkbox"/> Public <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Private <input type="checkbox"/> Both		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Occupied <input type="checkbox"/> Unoccupied <input type="checkbox"/> Preservation work in progress
		Public Acquisition: <input type="checkbox"/> In Process <input type="checkbox"/> Being Considered		ACCESSIBLE TO THE PUBLIC Yes: <input type="checkbox"/> Restricted <input type="checkbox"/> Unrestricted <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
PRESENT USE (Check One or More as Appropriate)				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Agricultural <input type="checkbox"/> Government <input type="checkbox"/> Park <input type="checkbox"/> Commercial <input type="checkbox"/> Industrial <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Private Residence <input type="checkbox"/> Transportation <input type="checkbox"/> Comments <input type="checkbox"/> Educational <input type="checkbox"/> Military <input type="checkbox"/> Religious <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) <input type="checkbox"/> Entertainment <input type="checkbox"/> Museum <input type="checkbox"/> Scientific				
<b>4. OWNER OF PROPERTY</b>				
OWNER'S NAME: Loveland Enterprises, Incorporated (Mr. and Mrs. S.C. Loveland, Jr.)				
STREET AND NUMBER: Readbourne				
CITY OR TOWN: Centreville			STATE: Maryland	CODE 24
<b>5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION</b>				
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC: Queen Anne's County Courthouse				
STREET AND NUMBER: Courthouse Square				
CITY OR TOWN: Centreville			STATE: Maryland	CODE 24
<b>6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS</b>				
TITLE OF SURVEY: Maryland Register of Historic Sites and Landmarks				
DATE OF SURVEY: 1970 <input type="checkbox"/> Federal <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State <input type="checkbox"/> County <input type="checkbox"/> Local				
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS: Maryland Historical Trust				
STREET AND NUMBER: 2525 Riva Road				
CITY OR TOWN: Annapolis			STATE: Maryland	CODE 24

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

STATE Maryland
COUNTY Queen Anne's
ENTRY NUMBER
DATE

FOR NPS USE ONLY

(See Continuation Sheet)

## 7. DESCRIPTION

CONDITION	(Check One)					
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Deteriorated	<input type="checkbox"/> Ruins	<input type="checkbox"/> Unexposed
	(Check One)			(Check One)		
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Altered	<input type="checkbox"/> Unaltered	<input type="checkbox"/> Moved	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Original Site		

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (if known) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Readbourne is a five-part Georgian brick Mansion, the center having been built in the early 1730's by James Hollyday I; the south wing in 1791 by James Hollyday III; and the north wing in 1948 by William Fahnstock, who undertook the restoration and remodeling of the building between 1940 and 1948.

The central part of the house is the most significant, being a 'T' planned, two-story brick building with hip-roof, measuring sixty feet by twenty-three and one-half feet, with the base of the 'T' seventeen and one-half feet by twenty-three and one-half feet. Its plan is similar to Cloverfields, Queen Anne's County, but its style differs from Medieval Cloverfields in that it is an early Georgian structure.

There is a single, chamfered, water table above the basement. The same type of chamfered brick is used beneath the window sills, as the sills are set back from the face of the wall. All the brick walls are laid in Flemish bond; that of the west facade being of more uniform brick. The central entrance of the facade has a semicircular transom above double doors, reputedly the first of its type in the colonies. The semi-circular headed window on the second floor has a gauged brick keystone, as does the door. The west windows have gauged-brick jack arches; the other sides have segmental arches of common brick. The belt course of the west facade is broken above the door due to the height of the arched transom. The ends of both the main belt course and the short section above the door are finished with an ogee curve. The east facade has a window flanking the base of the 'T' on both stories. There are two tall narrow, windows on the first story of the base of the 'T'. An entrance door on the south side of the 'T' opens onto the "stone step room." Both the north and south ends of the original house are hidden by the hyphens.

Readbourne's interior consists of two large rooms flanking a central hall, with staircase and smaller room (the stone step room) in the base of the 'T'. The original walnut stair balustrade and paneled dado remain in place from the second story to the attic. Also the fireplace wall of the second story south room has the original raised paneling, with bolelection molding around the fireplace.

The first flight of the stair is a copy of the original, installed when it and the paneling were removed from the remainder of the house in 1928. The woodwork is now at the Henry Francis duPont Museum, Winterthur, Delaware.

Some of the paneling was copied and replaced but the majority of the house has been trimmed with woodwork of eighteenth-century design.

(See Continuation Sheet)

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

## 8. SIGNIFICANCE

## PERIOD (Check One or More as Appropriate)

- ☐ Pre-Columbian      ☐ 16th Century      ☒ 18th Century      ☐ 20th Century  
☐ 15th Century      ☐ 17th Century      ☐ 19th Century

## SPECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicable and Known)

## AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Check One or More as Appropriate)

- |  |  |   |  |
|--|--|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Aboriginal              | <input type="checkbox"/> Education                         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Political | <input type="checkbox"/> Urban Planning        |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric             | <input type="checkbox"/> Engineering                       | <input type="checkbox"/> Religion/Philosophy  | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Historic                | <input type="checkbox"/> Industry                          | <input type="checkbox"/> Science              | _____  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Agriculture             | <input type="checkbox"/> Invention                         | <input type="checkbox"/> Sculpture            | _____  |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Architecture | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Landscape Architecture | <input type="checkbox"/> Social/Humanitarian  | _____  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Art                     | <input type="checkbox"/> Literature                        | <input type="checkbox"/> Theater              | _____  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Commerce                | <input type="checkbox"/> Military                          | <input type="checkbox"/> Transportation       | _____  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Communications          | <input type="checkbox"/> Music                             |   |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Conservation            |  |   |  |

## STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Readbourne's significance is due chiefly to the Hollyday family, who built the brick house and owned the land between 1730 and 1904. Secondly, the house is the earliest major Georgian structure to remain in the state of Maryland. In scale and detail, it resembles the early Georgian buildings of Virginia and like the great Virginia mansions, Readbourne also possesses a series of fa ades which carry the symmetry of the house beyond its immediate yard.

The first of the Hollydays was James I (1696-1747), who was a vital figure in the development of the colony between 1720 to 1747. The public offices which he held included Commissioner of Peace for Talbot County in 1723, 1729, 1732, 1735, 1736; member of the Provincial Court at Annapolis in 1732; member of the lower house of the Maryland Assembly between 1724-1732; Treasurer of the Eastern Shore 1727-1747; Naval officer of the Port of Oxford and subsequently the entire Eastern Shore; Councillor of the Lord Proprietor and consequently a member of the Upper House of the Assembly. He married, in 1721, Sarah Covington Lloyd, the widow of Edward Lloyd II. He lived at Wye House and was guardian of the vast Lloyd estate until Edward Lloyd III "came of age" in 1729. His three children were born at Wye House. He was also a founder of the Queen Anne's County free school.

The second James Hollyday (1722-1786) followed his father's footsteps and became a prominent Maryland lawyer. He was a member of the Maryland lower House between 1751-54, and 1758-70; a member of the Council of Safety, 1775-76; a Signer of the Association of Freemen in 1775. He declined several political appointments, one of which was the First Chancellorship under Governor Thomas Johnson in 1776.

James Hollyday III, the son of Henry Hollyday of Ratcliff Manor (1758-1807) was a lawyer and an Associate Judge of the Circuit Court, composed of the Upper Eastern Shore Counties. In 1788, he was a member of the Maryland Convention which ratified the Constitution of the United States.

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

## 9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Bordley, James Jr., "The Hollyday and Related Families of the Eastern Shore of Maryland." Baltimore, Maryland Historical Society, 1962.

Earle, Swepson, "Chesapeake Bay Country", Baltimore, Thomsen-Ellis Company, 1924.

Forman, H. Chandlee, "Maryland Architecture", Cambridge, Maryland. Tidewater Publishers, 1968. (See Continuation Sheet)

## 10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING A RECTANGLE LOCATING THE PROPERTY			O R	LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING THE CENTER POINT OF A PROPERTY OF LESS THAN TEN ACRES		
CORNER	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE		LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	
	Degrees Minutes Seconds	Degrees Minutes Seconds		Degrees Minutes Seconds	Degrees Minutes Seconds	
NW	0 ' "	0 ' "		0 ' "	0 ' "	
NE	0 ' "	0 ' "		0 ' "	0 ' "	
SE	0 ' "	0 ' "		0 ' "	0 ' "	
SW	0 ' "	0 ' "		0 ' "	0 ' "	

APPROXIMATE ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY: 360 acres

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE:	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE:	CODE	COUNTY:	CODE
STATE:	CODE	COUNTY:	CODE
STATE:	CODE	COUNTY:	CODE

## 11. FORM PREPARED BY

NAME AND TITLE: Michael Bourne, Field Surveyor		
ORGANIZATION Maryland Historical Trust	DATE Nov. 14, 1972	
STREET AND NUMBER: 2525 Riva Road		
CITY OR TOWN: Annapolis	STATE Maryland	CODE 24

## 12. STATE LIAISON OFFICER CERTIFICATION

## NATIONAL REGISTER VERIFICATION

As the designated State Liaison Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service. The recommended level of significance of this nomination is:

National ☐ State ☒ Local ☐

Name

Orlando Ridout IV  
Orlando Ridout IV

Title State Liaison Officer  
for Maryland

Date November 15, 1972

I hereby certify that this property is included in the National Register.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Director, Office of Archeology and Historic Preservation

Date \_\_\_\_\_

ATTEST:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Keeper of The National Register

Date \_\_\_\_\_



NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES  
INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

(Continuation Sheet)

STATE Maryland	
COUNTY Queen Anne's	
FOR NPS USE ONLY	
ENTRY NUMBER	DATE

(Number all entries)

READBOURNE

#6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS continued

Historic American Building Survey  
Library of Congress  
Washington, D.C.

11

x Federal

#7. DESCRIPTION continued

The south wing was built in 1791, about twenty feet from the main part, later connected by a hyphen. Its roof is at right angles to the main roof and there are full pediments on each gable. Its Federal detail is good, but lacks the refinement of the main part. It now houses the kitchen, family room and servants' quarters. In 1948, the north wing was added, mainly to display six eighteenth century mural-size paintings by Vernet. It compliments the house without slavishly copying the older wing. Its interior is very well executed.

#9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES continued

Hammond, John M., "Colonial Mansions of Maryland and Delaware." Philadelphia, J.B. Lippencott Company, 1914.

Hollyday Papers, Maryland Historical Society, Baltimore, Maryland.

Peebles, Anne Bradbury, "Readbourne", privately compiled for William Fahnstock, 1949.

Queen Anne's County Land Records, etc., Hall of Records, Annapolis, Maryland.

Queen Anne's County Wills and Land Records, Queen Anne's County Courthouse, Centreville, Maryland.

Scarborough, Katherine, "Homes of the Cavaliers", New York, The Macmillan Company, 1930.

Waterman, Thomas T., "The Dwellings of Colonial America", Chapel Hill, University of North Carolina Press, 1950.

*Waterman also published an article in  
the Maryland Historical Magazine (on Readbourne)*

CHESTERTOWN QUADRANGLE  
USGS 7.5 minute map  
scale: 1: 24 000

Pomona

1953  
Cem  
Cem

Broad

x38

WILKINS  
Dam

QA-9

664

Creek

Riverside Wharf

Millers I

Nils

CHESTER

Brown Creek

Taste

Northwest Pt

Down

Old Town

BM

19

QUEEN ANNES CO  
KENT CO

Riverview

Cem

Journey

Milton Pt

Jarrett Cr

661

Quaker Neck Landing

Shell Pt

Starkiey

Bookers Wharf

lat. 39° 07' 38"  
long. 76° 05' 26"

Burns

15'

(CENTREVILLE)



cal Survey

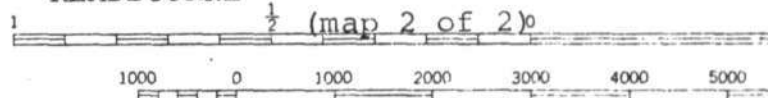
m aerial photographs

1953  
ted 1944



READBOURNE

SCALE 1:24000



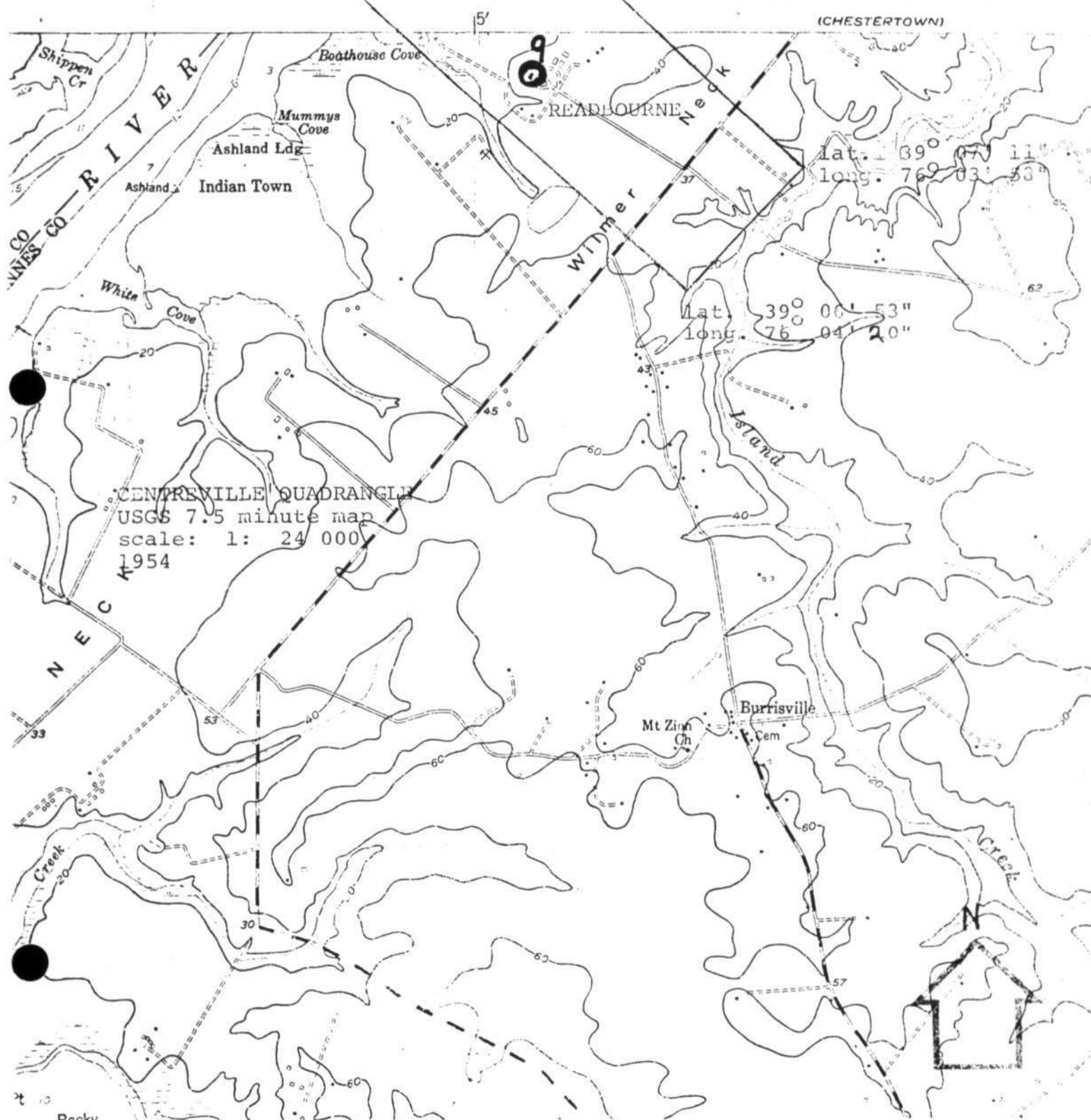
CONTour INTERVAL 20 FEET

ERIOR

(map 1 of 2)

UNITED STATES  
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY  
CORPS OF ENGINEERS

(CHESTERTOWN)



QA-0009  
Readbourne  
725 Lands End Road  
Centreville Vicinity  
Queen Anne's County, Maryland

**For additional information, see also:**

- Maryland Historical Trust Preservation Easement Property Documentation Survey  
FRR Mary 22, v. 1.
- Architectural drawings and field notes (in flat files)



INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

**1 NAME**

HISTORIC

Readbourne

AND/OR COMMON

Readbourne

**2 LOCATION**

STREET & NUMBER .8 mile northwest of intersection of Lands End Road  
and Sparks Mill Road. Approximately 5.4 miles northwest of Centreville.

CITY, TOWN

Centreville

VICINITY OF

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

1st

STATE

Maryland

COUNTY

Queen Anne's

**3 CLASSIFICATION**

CATEGORY

OWNERSHIP

STATUS

PRESENT USE

☐ DISTRICT

☐ PUBLIC

☒ OCCUPIED

☒ AGRICULTURE

☐ MUSEUM

☒ BUILDING(S)

☒ PRIVATE

☐ UNOCCUPIED

☐ COMMERCIAL

☐ PARK

☐ STRUCTURE

☐ BOTH

☐ WORK IN PROGRESS

☐ EDUCATIONAL

☒ PRIVATE RESIDENCE

☐ SITE

**PUBLIC ACQUISITION**

**ACCESSIBLE**

☐ ENTERTAINMENT

☐ RELIGIOUS

☐ OBJECT

☐ IN PROCESS

☐ YES: RESTRICTED

☐ GOVERNMENT

☐ SCIENTIFIC

☐ BEING CONSIDERED

☐ YES: UNRESTRICTED

☐ INDUSTRIAL

☐ TRANSPORTATION

☒ NO

☐ MILITARY

☐ OTHER:

**4 OWNER OF PROPERTY**

NAME Loveland Enterprises, Incorporated  
(Mr. and Mrs. S.C. Loveland, Jr.)

Telephone #:

STREET & NUMBER

Readbourne

CITY, TOWN

Centreville

VICINITY OF

STATE, zip code

Maryland 21617

**5 LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION**

COURTHOUSE,  
REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC. Queen Anne's County Courthouse

Liber #:

Folio #:

STREET & NUMBER

Courthouse Square

CITY, TOWN

Centreville

STATE

Maryland

**6 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS**

TITLE

Maryland Register of Historic Sites and Landmarks

DATE

1970

☐ FEDERAL ☒ STATE ☐ COUNTY ☐ LOCAL

DEPOSITORY FOR  
SURVEY RECORDS

Maryland Historical Trust

CITY, TOWN

Annapolis

STATE

Maryland

SEE CONTINUATION SHEET

# 7 DESCRIPTION

QA-9

CONDITION		CHECK ONE	CHECK ONE
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EXCELLENT	<input type="checkbox"/> DETERIORATED	<input type="checkbox"/> UNALTERED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ORIGINAL SITE
<input type="checkbox"/> GOOD	<input type="checkbox"/> RUINS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ALTERED	<input type="checkbox"/> MOVED
<input type="checkbox"/> FAIR	<input type="checkbox"/> UNEXPOSED		DATE _____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Readbourne is a five-part Georgian brick Mansion, the center having been built in the early 1730's by James Hollyday I; the south wing in 1791 by James Hollyday III; and the north wing in 1948 by William Fahnstock, who undertook the restoration and remodeling of the building between 1940 and 1948.

The central part of the house is the most significant, being a 'T' planned, two-story brick building with hip-roof, measuring sixty feet by twenty-three and one-half feet, with the base of the 'T' seventeen and one-half feet by twenty-three and one-half feet. Its plan is similar to Cloverfields, Queen Anne's County, but its style differs from Medieval Cloverfields in that it is an early Georgian structure.

There is a single, champhered, water table above the basement. The same type of champhered brick is used beneath the window sills, as the sills are set back from the face of the wall. All the brick walls are laid in Flemish bond; that of the west facade being of more uniform brick. The central entrance of the facade has a semicircular transom above double doors, reputedly the first of its type in the colonies. The semi-circular headed window

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

## PERIOD

## AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW

<input type="checkbox"/> PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNITY PLANNING	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> RELIGION
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400-1499	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> CONSERVATION	<input type="checkbox"/> LAW	<input type="checkbox"/> SCIENCE
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500-1599	<input type="checkbox"/> AGRICULTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> ECONOMICS	<input type="checkbox"/> LITERATURE	<input type="checkbox"/> SCULPTURE
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> EDUCATION	<input type="checkbox"/> MILITARY	<input type="checkbox"/> SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> ART	<input type="checkbox"/> ENGINEERING	<input type="checkbox"/> MUSIC	<input type="checkbox"/> THEATER
<input type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMERCE	<input type="checkbox"/> EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> PHILOSOPHY	<input type="checkbox"/> TRANSPORTATION
<input type="checkbox"/> 1900-	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNICATIONS	<input type="checkbox"/> INDUSTRY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER (SPECIFY)
		<input type="checkbox"/> INVENTION		

SPECIFIC DATES

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

## STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Readbourne's significance is due chiefly to the Hollyday family, who built the brick house and owned the land between 1730 and 1904. Secondly, the house is the earliest major Georgian structure to remain in the state of Maryland. In scale and detail, it resembles the early Georgian buildings of Virginia and like the great Virginia mansions, Readbourne also possesses a series of fa ades which carry the symmetry of the house beyond its immediate yard.

The first of the Hollydays was James I (1696-1747), who was a vital figure in the development of the colony between 1720 to 1747. The public offices which he held included Commissioner of Peace for Talbot County in 1723, 1729, 1732, 1735, 1736; member of the Provincial Court at Annapolis in 1732; member of the lower house of the Maryland Assembly between 1724-1732; Treasurer of the Eastern Shore 1727-1747; Naval officer of the Port of Oxford and subsequently the entire Eastern Shore; Councillor of

# 9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

QA-9

## SEE CONTINUATION SHEET

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

## 10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY \_\_\_\_\_

### VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE

COUNTY

STATE

COUNTY

## 11 FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE

Michael Bourne, Field Surveyor

ORGANIZATION

Maryland Historical Trust

DATE

11/14/72

STREET & NUMBER

2525 Riva Road

TELEPHONE

CITY OR TOWN

Annapolis

STATE

Maryland

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

RETURN TO: Maryland Historical Trust  
The Shaw House, 21 State Circle  
Annapolis, Maryland 21401  
(301) 267-1438

## CONTINUATION SHEET

## 6.1 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

Historic American Building Survey  
Library of Congress  
Washington, D.C.

11

x Federal



## CONTINUATION SHEET

## 7.1 DESCRIPTION

on the second floor has a gauged brick keystone, as does the door. The west windows have gauged-brick jack arches; the other sides have segmental arches of common brick. The belt course of the west facade is broken above the door due to the height of the arched transom. The ends of both the main belt course and the short section above the door are finished with an ogee curve. The east facade has a window flanking the base of the 'T' on both stories. There are two tall narrow, windows on the first story of the base of the 'T'. An entrance door on the south side of the 'T' opens onto the "stone step room". Both the north and south ends of the original house are hidden by the hyphens.

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## CONTINUATION SHEET

## 7.2 DESCRIPTION

Delaware.

Some of the paneling was copied and replaced but the majority of the house has been trimmed with woodwork of eighteenth-century design.

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## CONTINUATION SHEET

## 8.1 STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

the Lord Proprietor and consequently a member of the Upper House of the Assembly. He married, in 1721, Sarah Covington Lloyd, the widow of Edward Lloyd II. He lived at Wye House and was guardian of the vast Lloyd estate until Edward Lloyd III "came of age" in 1729. His three children were born at Wye House. He was also a founder of the Queen Anne's County free school.

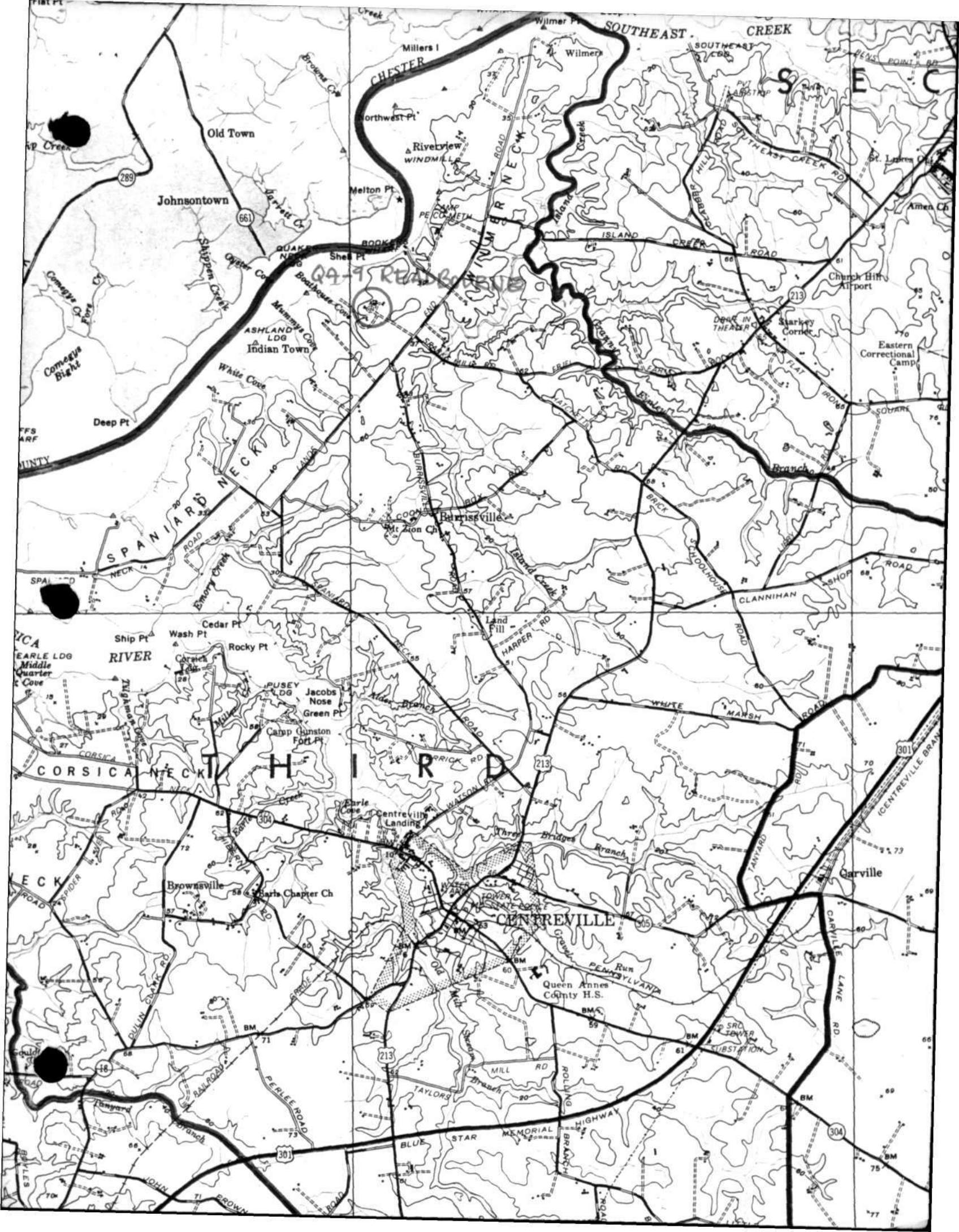
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## CONTINUATION SHEET

## 9.1 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

- Bordley, James Jr., "The Hollyday and Related Families of the Eastern Shore of Maryland". Baltimore, Maryland Historical Society, 1962.
- Earle, Swepson, "Chesapeake Bay Country", Baltimore, Thomsen-Ellis Company, 1924.
- Forman, H. Chandlee, "Maryland Architecture", Cambridge, Maryland. Tidewater Publishers, 1968.
- Hammond, John M., "Colonial Mansions of Maryland and Delaware". Philadelphia, J.B. Lippencott Company, 1914.
- Hollyday Papers, Maryland Historical Society, Baltimore, Maryland.
- Peebles, Anne Bradbury, "Readbourne", privately compiled for William Fahnstock, 1949.
- Queen Anne's County Land Records, etc., Hall of Records, Annapolis, Maryland.
- Queen Anne's County Wills and Land Records, Queen Anne's County Courthouse, Centreville, Maryland.
- Scarborough, Katherine, "Homes of the Cavaliers", New York, The Macmillan Company, 1930.
- Waterman, Thomas T., "The Dwellings of Colonial America", Chapel Hill, University of North Carolina Press, 1950.





QA-9  
Readbourne

Mary McCarthy  
Spring/Summer 2003  
Digital color photo on file at MHT  
*north west facade*



QA-9  
Readbourne

Mary McCarthy  
Spring/Summer 2003  
Digital color photo on file at MHT  
*Southeast Facade*





QA-9

Readbourne  
Centreville vicinity  
Michael Bourne, July 1971  
Southeast facade

---





52E  
52F

QA-9      Readbourne  
            Centreville vicinity  
            Michael Bourne, July 1971  
            Northwest facade

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QA-9

Readbourne  
Centreville vicinity  
Michael Bourne, July 1971  
Outbuildings



QA-9

Readbourne  
Centreville vicinity  
Michael Bourne, July 1971  
Dairy

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QA-9

Readbourne, Southeast facade  
Centreville vicinity  
Copy Photograph, Brown Collection  
Centreville Public Library

OA-9  
READBOURNE  
Queen Annes County



Pls. return to:  
Library  
Maryland Historical Trust  
100 Community Place  
Crownsville, Md. 21032-2032

QA-9  
READBOURNE  
Queen Annes County

